



1  
00:00:12,789 --> 00:00:05,030  
what is the most important experiment on

2  
00:00:15,749 --> 00:00:14,230  
uh

3  
00:00:18,150 --> 00:00:15,759  
nate there are two ways to answer that

4  
00:00:19,750 --> 00:00:18,160  
question from my point of view the most

5  
00:00:21,590 --> 00:00:19,760  
experiment important experiment on the

6  
00:00:23,029 --> 00:00:21,600  
space station right now is the one that

7  
00:00:25,109 --> 00:00:23,039  
i'm doing

8  
00:00:27,750 --> 00:00:25,119  
and the reason why is because if i don't

9  
00:00:30,630 --> 00:00:27,760  
do my part right the experiment probably

10  
00:00:32,549 --> 00:00:30,640  
will be a failure and so right now while

11  
00:00:34,310 --> 00:00:32,559  
i'm working here all the other members

12  
00:00:36,870 --> 00:00:34,320  
of the crew are working on their

13  
00:00:38,709 --> 00:00:36,880

experiments chris is a chris cassidy is

14

00:00:40,950 --> 00:00:38,719

assembling one in the micro savvy

15

00:00:43,030 --> 00:00:40,960

microgravity science club box and you

16

00:00:44,709 --> 00:00:43,040

really want to focus and no matter what

17

00:00:46,549 --> 00:00:44,719

else is happening that is the most

18

00:00:48,389 --> 00:00:46,559

important thing of all

19

00:00:49,670 --> 00:00:48,399

but i think if you were just to come on

20

00:00:50,950 --> 00:00:49,680

board and think what is the most

21

00:00:52,630 --> 00:00:50,960

important one

22

00:00:54,549 --> 00:00:52,640

i think maybe right now it's the alpha

23

00:00:56,950 --> 00:00:54,559

magnetic spectrometer which is

24

00:00:59,110 --> 00:00:56,960

collecting energy from the universe it's

25

00:01:01,590 --> 00:00:59,120

collecting dark matter from the universe

26

00:01:04,310 --> 00:01:01,600

and just this week a person who won a

27

00:01:06,149 --> 00:01:04,320

nobel prize uh dr sam ting who's in

28

00:01:08,630 --> 00:01:06,159

charge of that experiment made a big

29

00:01:10,710 --> 00:01:08,640

announcement that they may have actually

30

00:01:12,630 --> 00:01:10,720

started to prove the existence of dark

31

00:01:14,469 --> 00:01:12,640

matter with that experiment that's on

32

00:01:16,310 --> 00:01:14,479

our space station that's really

33

00:01:17,670 --> 00:01:16,320

interesting it's not conclusive yet

34

00:01:19,590 --> 00:01:17,680

because it hasn't been there long enough

35

00:01:21,270 --> 00:01:19,600

to prove it but

36

00:01:23,429 --> 00:01:21,280

we think maybe we're starting to

37

00:01:25,749 --> 00:01:23,439

understand the basics of what the

38

00:01:27,749 --> 00:01:25,759

universe is made of and we can prove

39

00:01:29,510 --> 00:01:27,759

that we can figure that out because of

40

00:01:31,190 --> 00:01:29,520

the international space station so that